

row, lower broader, almost of the shape of *Veronica officinalis*, slightly hairy, minutely and elegantly crenate; the root short, annual, with few fibres (1). I take it to be new. In boggy meadows here, as well as in other counties, I have observed, this year and the last, a *Gramen junceum* with jointed leaves and black shining heads, a root more fibrous and creeping than the common kind, the whole plant of more humble stature, and earlier (2). This is as common, if not more so, than the other. It is one of Micheli's, in the *Hortus Pisanus*. Along the Severn, to a great extent, grows wild the *Brassica sylvestris*, *rapum radice oblongâ* (3), and *Sinapi siliquâ latiusculâ glabrâ*, &c. (4) of J. Bauhin. We saw here and there, in Shropshire, *Sphondylium foliis angustioribus* (5), which I believe to be a different species.

Near Norbury, four or five miles before we came to Bishop's Castle, grows *Pimpinella tenuifolia* of Rivinus (6), *Pentap. Irr. t. 83*.

Travelling from Bishop's Castle into Wales, in boggy ground upon the downs of Montgomeryshire, we observed *Gramen miliaceum exiguum palustre*, *paniculâ e locustis globularibus minimis constructa*,

(1) *Campanula patula*. See *Hort. Elth. 68. t. 58*.

(2) *Juncus lampocarpus*. *Davies, Tr. of L. Soc. v. 10. 13*,

(3) *Brassica Rapa* β . *Fl. Brit. 720*.

(4) *Sinapis nigra*.

(5) *Heracleum Sphondylium* β . *Fl. Brit. 307*.

(6) *P. saxifraga* β . *Fl. Brit. 331*.